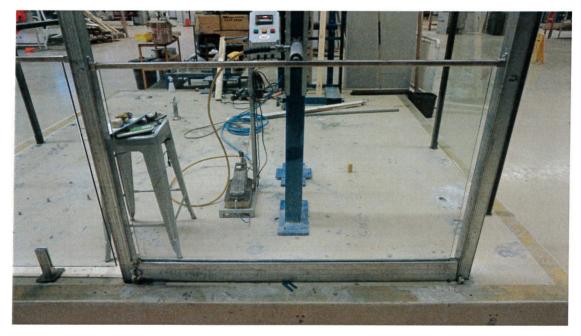
Balustrade - Glass





A TECH AUSTRALIA / SLOANE ACCESSORIES FULLY FRAMELESS CHANNEL SYSTEM

TESTED BY AZUMA DESIGN PTY LTD

AZT0379.16

NATA ACCREDITED LABORATORY No. 15147

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The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

1 Test Standards

The product is tested to the following standard only

• AS/NZS 1170.1 - 2002 Structural design actions - Permanent, imposed and other actions

2 Test Sample Description

2.1 General

Model No./Name	Fully Frameless Channel System	
Customer	A Tech Australia / Sloane Accessories	
Address	258 Milperra Road, Milperra NSW 2168 88 Stoney Creek Road, Bexley NSW 220	
Azuma Testing Number	AZT 0379.16	
Date of Test	18/10/2016	

2.2 Barrier

Glass Material	Toughened
Glass Thickness	12 mm
Glass Panel Size	Height = 1000 mm Width = 1500 mm
Overall Size	
Glass Installation Type	Cantilevered in 'U' Channel
Gap between bottom of barrier and ground level	0 mm
Complies with AS 2208	Yes
Handrail Used	Yes 25 x 25 mm stainless steel, Fixed off to 'wall' with brackets. Wall is simulated as two steel box sections anchored to the concrete using quick set concrete
Spacing Between Fixed Points	N/A



2.3 'U' Channel

Material	Aluminium
Overall Size	1570 mm (L) x 100 mm (H) x 100 mm (W)
Drawing supplied	Yes
Fixing Method	Bolted to Concrete, Glass held with quick set concrete



Figure 1: 'U' Channel



3 Minimum Imposed Actions for Barriers

3.1 Concentrated Load

3.1.1 Procedure

From AS 1170.1 - 2002 - Subsection 3.6 Barriers - Table 3.3 Minimum imposed actions for Barriers.

- 1. Set the hydraulic ram to push on the handrail at the centerline between the two fixed points.
- 2. Record a datum from the center of the push area to a fixed point.
- 3. Smoothly increase the force acting on the side of the rail until the test force is equal to 600 N.
- 4. Hold the test force for 1 minute.
- 5. Record the deflection.
- 6. Remove the test force and after 2 minutes record the permanent deflection reading.

3.1.2 Results

Direction	Load Applied	Datum (mm)	Reading after load removed (mm)	Permanent Deflection (mm)
Outwards	600 N	436 mm	436 mm	0 mm
Downwards	600 N	702 mm	702 mm	0 mm



3.1.3 Pass/Fail Criteria

The following maximum deflection limits apply to this product:

$$\frac{Span}{60} = \frac{1500}{60} = 25mm\tag{1}$$

This value is only applicable while it remains less than 30 mm, otherwise 30 mm is maximum allowable deflection.

Criteria	Observation	Result
Outwards		
Deflection no more than 25 mm after load is removed	0 mm	Pass
Any damage, signs of breakage or fracture observed	Nil	Pass
Notes: Nil		
Downwards		
Deflection no more than 25 mm after load is removed	0 mm	Pass
Any damage, signs of breakage or fracture observed	Nil	Pass



3.1.4 Pictures



Figure 2: Outwards Push



Figure 3: Outwards Push - Bend





Figure 4: Downwards Push



3.2 Uniformly Distributed Load - VERTICAL

3.2.1 Procedure

From AS 1170.1 - 2002 - Subsection 3.6 Barriers - Table 3.3 Minimum imposed actions for Barriers.

- 1. Set the hydraulic ram to push on the handrail at the centerline between the two fixed points.
- 2. Record a datum from the center of the push area to a fixed point.
- 3. Smoothly increase the force acting on the side of the rail until the test force is equal to 600 N.
- 4. Hold the test force for 1 minute.
- 5. Record the deflection.
- 6. Remove the test force and after 2 minutes record the permanent deflection reading.

3.2.2 Calculation

The required uniformly distributed load for the glass panel is the imposed action multiplied by the width of the product:

$$RequiredForce(N) = ImposedAction(N/m) * WidthofthePanel(m)$$
 (2)

Note: Width used is the above equation was 1500 mm.

3.2.3 Results

Uniformly Distributed Load	Load Applied	Datum (mm)	Reading after load removed (mm)	Permanent Deflection (mm)
350 N/m	525 N	702 mm	702 mm	0 mm
750 N/m	1125 N	702 mm	703 mm	1 mm



3.2.4 Pass/Fail Criteria

The following maximum deflection limits apply to this product:

$$\frac{Span}{60} = \frac{1500}{60} = 25mm\tag{3}$$

This value is only applicable while it remains less than 30 mm, otherwise 30 mm is maximum allowable deflection.

Criteria	Result	Pass/Fail
$350 \; { m N/m} \; (525 \; { m N})$		
Deflection no more than 25 mm after load is removed	0 mm	Pass
Any damage, signs of breakage or fracture observed	Nil	Pass
Notes: Nil		
750 N/m (1125 N)		
Deflection no more than 25 mm after load is removed	1 mm	Pass
Any damage, signs of breakage or fracture observed	Nil	Pass
Notes: Nil		
Total Deflection	1 mm	Pass





Figure 5: Vertical Uniform Distributed Load



3.3 Uniformly Distributed Load - HORIZONTAL

3.3.1 Procedure

From AS 1170.1 - 2002 - Subsection 3.6 Barriers - Table 3.3 Minimum imposed actions for Barriers.

- 1. Set the hydraulic ram to push on the handrail at the centerline between the two fixed points.
- 2. Record a datum from the center of the push area to a fixed point.
- 3. Smoothly increase the force acting on the side of the rail until the test force is equal to 600 N.
- 4. Hold the test force for 1 minute.
- 5. Record the deflection.
- 6. Remove the test force and after 2 minutes record the permanent deflection reading.

3.3.2 Calculation

The required uniformly distributed load for the glass panel is the imposed action multiplied by the width of the product:

$$RequiredForce(N) = ImposedAction(N/m) * WidthofthePanel(m)$$
 (4)

Note: Width used is the above equation was 1500 mm.

3.3.3 Results

Uniformly Distributed Load	Load Applied	Datum (mm)	Reading after load removed (mm)	Permanent Deflection (mm)
350 N/m	525 N	436 mm	436 mm	0 mm
750 N/m	1125 N	436 mm	437 mm	1 mm
1500 N/m	2250 N	437 mm	437 mm	0 mm
3000 N/m	4500 N	N/A	N/A	N/A



3.3.4 Pass/Fail Criteria

The following maximum deflection limits apply to this product:

$$\frac{Span}{60} = \frac{1500}{60} = 25mm \tag{5}$$

This value is only applicable while it remains less than 30 mm, otherwise 30 mm is maximum allowable deflection.

Criteria	Result	Pass/Fail
$350 \; \mathrm{N/m} \; (525 \; \mathrm{N})$	·	
Deflection no more than 25 mm after load is removed	0 mm	Pass
Any damage, signs of breakage or fracture observed	Nil	Pass
Notes: Nil		
$750 \; { m N/m} \; (1125 \; { m N})$		
Deflection no more than 25 mm after load is removed	1 mm	Pass
Any damage, signs of breakage or fracture observed	Nil	Pass
Notes: Nil		
$1500 \; \mathrm{N/m} \; (2250 \; \mathrm{N})$		
Deflection no more than 25 mm after load is removed	0 mm	Pass
Any damage, signs of breakage or fracture observed	Nil	Pass
Notes: Nil		
$3000 \; \mathrm{N/m} \; (4500 \; \mathrm{N})$		
Deflection no more than 25 mm after load is removed	N/A	Not Tested
Any damage, signs of breakage or fracture observed	N/A	Not Tested
Notes: Nil		
Total Deflection at 1500 N/m Rating	1 mm	Pass



3.3.5 Pictures

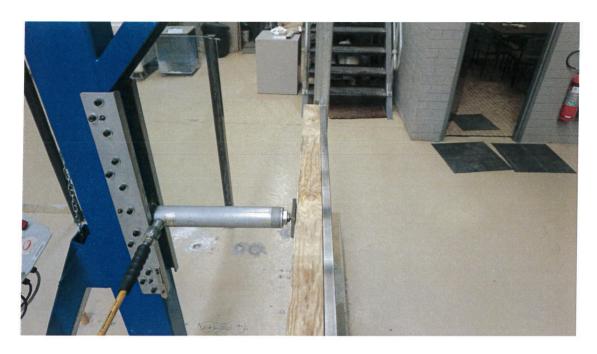


Figure 6: Horizontal Uniform Load - 750 N/m



Figure 7: Horizontal Uniform Load - 1500 N/m



4 Conclusion and Signatories

4.1 Conclusion

From the results achieved the sample is deemed to satisfy the loading requirements as per table 3.3 of AS1170.1- 2002 for the following classification:

- for a Category 'A' Domestic and residential activities All areas within or serving exclusively
 one dwelling including stairs, landings, etc. but excluding external balconies and edges of
 roofs;
- for a Category 'B, E' Offices and work areas not included elsewhere including storage areas Areas not susceptible to overcrowding in office and institutional buildings also industrial and storage buildings
- for a Category 'C1/C2' Areas with tables or fixed seating Areas with fixed seating adjacent to a balustrade, restaurants, bars, etc.
- for a Category 'D' Retail Areas All retail areas including public areas of banks/building societies, (see C5 for areas where overcrowding may occur)
- for a Category 'F/G' Vehicular Pedestrian areas in car parks including stairs, landings, ramps, edges of internal floors, foot-ways, edges of roofs

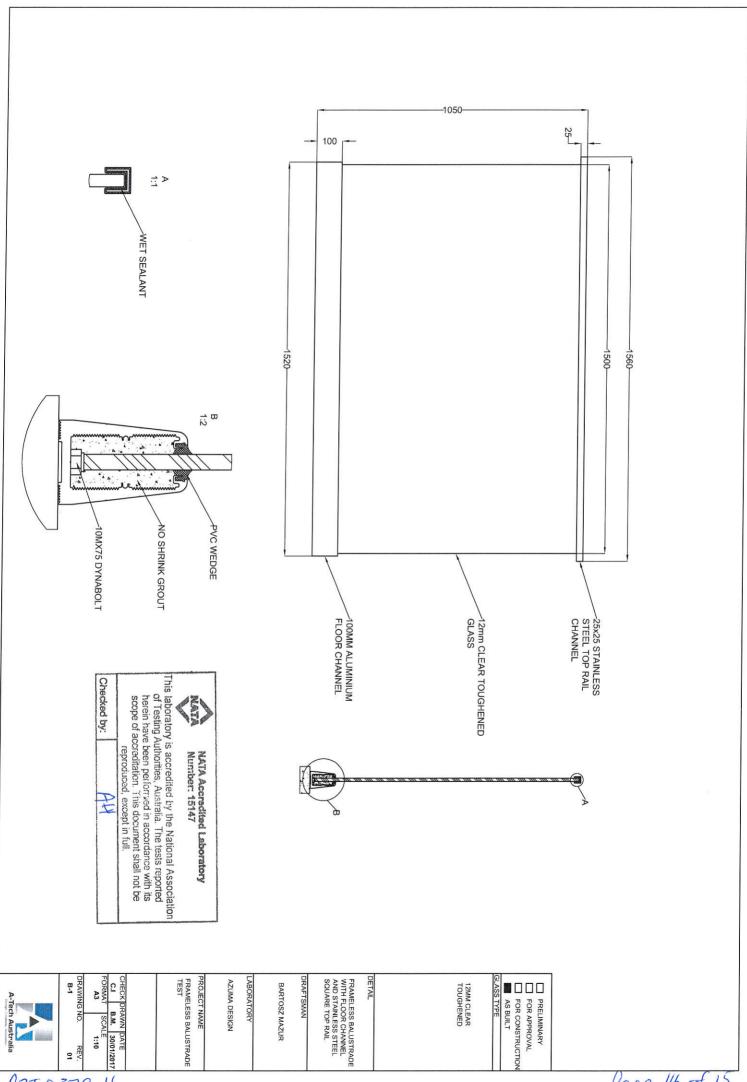
NOTE: All classifications with equal or lower load specifications may be applied to this sample. For more information as to their specific use please see table 3.3 of AS1170.1 - 2002.

NOTE 2: This usage (under B,E) is for access to and safe working places normally used by operating, inspection, maintenance and servicing personnel.

4.2 Signatories

Tested By: Ash Horre
Signatory Name: Ash Horne
Signatory Signature: Allomo
Date:





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